

Fig. 214:
Darevskia valentini, male.
The dorsal surface is greenish-yellow with irregular black or brown dots and spots. Note regenerated tail in this individual from Georgia.
David Tarkhanishvili

Diet: Arachnids and insects. Activity pattern: Diurnal.

Darevskia valentini (BOETTGER, 1892) Caucasian Rock Lizard

Global range: Armenia, Georgia, Iran (?), and Turkey.

Distribution in Iran: West Azerbaijan Province (?).

Biology: The Caucasian Rock Lizard is abundant in shrubby lands and mountainous rocky meadows of Anatolian steppes and Transcauca-

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sia. The colour of the spots below head and throat of both genders turns from orange to pale yellow in the reproductive season. This species is abundant within its distribution range, except in Iran, where its occurrence remains doubtful.

Size: Snout–vent length 78 mm, tail length 134 mm.

Reproduction: Oviparous.

Status: Unknown.

Conservation status: IUCN: Least Concern, CITES: -, National: Non-protected.

Diet: Arachnids and insects. Activity pattern: Diurnal.